

ETHAN P. DAVIS
Acting Assistant Attorney General
BILLY J. WILLIAMS
United States Attorney
DAVID M. MORRELL
Deputy Assistant Attorney General
ALEXANDER K. HAAS
Director, Federal Programs Branch
JOSHUA E. GARDNER
Special Counsel
BRIGHAM J. BOWEN
Assistant Director, Federal Programs Branch
ANDREW I. WARDEN
Senior Trial Counsel
JEFFREY A. HALL
JORDAN L. VON BOKERN (DC 1032962)
KERI L. BERMAN
Trial Attorneys
U.S. Department of Justice
Civil Division, Federal Programs Branch
1100 L Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20530
Tel.: (202) 305-7919
Fax: (202) 616-8460

Attorneys for Defendants

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF OREGON
PORTLAND DIVISION

INDEX NEWSPAPERS, LLC, *et al.*,

Plaintiffs.

v.

CITY OF PORTLAND, *et al.*,

Defendants.

Case No. 3:20-cv-1035-SI

**STIPULATED PROTECTIVE
ORDER**

One or more of the parties has requested the production of documents or information that at least one party considers to be or to contain confidential information, and that are subject to protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c).

The parties agree that good cause exists to protect the confidential nature of the information contained in documents, interrogatory responses, or deposition testimony. This is a suit concerning the policies and actions of federal law enforcement officials that will require the collection of law enforcement sensitive information that requires a protective order for production. The parties expect to exchange documents and information that may include:

- a) Government records that might contain tactical and other information related to law enforcement activities not made available by the Government to the general public that could be adversely used to circumvent law enforcement efforts.
- b) Sensitive information about the relevant agencies' internal investigations processes, procedures, staffing, priorities, resources, intelligence and/or methods, which is law enforcement sensitive and should not be released to the public.
- c) Department of Homeland Security, Immigration and Customs Enforcement, U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Federal Protective Service, or United States Marshal Service records regarding law enforcement activities and operations, internal policies, processes and procedures, training materials, and internal investigations which contain information that is law enforcement sensitive, for instance, information which would be protected from disclosure under FOIA, 5 U.S.C. § 552, *et seq.*, under the exemption found at 5 U.S.C. § 552(b)(7)(E).
- d) Personally Identifiable Information relating or belonging to non-public facing federal officers, employees, and staff, including, but not limited to, names, addresses, e-mail

addresses, and telephones numbers, which if released could endanger the privacy and safety of such officers, employees, and staff

The parties agree that entry of this Stipulated Protective Order (“Protective Order”) is warranted to protect against disclosure of such documents and information, as well as to ensure receipt of all investigative material from certain third party sources.

Based upon the above stipulation of the parties, and the Court being duly advised, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED as follows:

1. All documents, testimony, and other materials produced by the parties in this case and labeled “Confidential” shall be used only in this proceeding.
2. Use of any information or documents labeled “Confidential” and subject to this Protective Order, including all information derived therefrom, shall be restricted solely to the litigation of this case and shall not be used by any party for any other purpose. This Protective Order, however, does not restrict the disclosure or use of any information or documents lawfully obtained by the receiving party through means or sources outside of this litigation. Should a dispute arise as to any specific information or document, the burden shall be on the party claiming that such information or document was lawfully obtained through means and sources outside of this litigation.
3. The parties, and third parties subpoenaed by one of the parties, may designate as “Confidential” documents, testimony, written responses, or other materials produced in this case if they contain information that the producing party has a good faith basis for asserting is confidential under the applicable legal standards. The party shall designate each page of the document with a stamp identifying it as “Confidential,” if practical to do so.

4. If portions of documents or other materials deemed “Confidential” or any papers containing or making reference to such materials are filed with the Court, they shall be filed under seal and marked as follows or in substantially similar form:

CONFIDENTIAL

IN ACCORDANCE WITH A PROTECTIVE ORDER, THE ENCLOSURE(S) SHALL BE TREATED AS CONFIDENTIAL AND SHALL NOT BE SHOWN TO ANY PERSON OTHER THAN THOSE PERSONS DESIGNATED IN PARAGRAPH 7 OF THE PROTECTIVE ORDER.

If a party is filing a document that it has itself designated as “Confidential,” that party shall reference this Stipulated Protective Order in submitting the documents it proposes to maintain under seal. If a non-designating party is filing a document that another party has designated as “Confidential,” then the non-designating party shall file the document under seal. If the non-designating party makes a request in writing to have the document unsealed and the designating party does not file, within ten calendar days, a motion that shows good cause to maintain the document under seal, then the Court shall unseal the document. Before seeking to maintain the protection of documents filed with the Court, a party must assess whether redaction is a viable alternative to complete nondisclosure.

5. “Confidential” information and documents subject to this Protective Order shall not be filed with the Court or included in whole or in part in pleadings, motions, briefs, etc., filed in this case, except when any portion(s) of such pleadings, motions, briefs, etc. have been filed under seal by counsel and marked in the same manner as described in paragraph 4 above. Such sealed portion(s) of pleadings, motions, briefs, documents, etc., shall be opened only by the Court or by personnel authorized to do so by the Court.

6. Use of any information, documents, or portions of documents marked “Confidential,” including all information derived therefrom, shall be restricted solely to the following persons, who agree to be bound by the terms of this Protective Order, unless additional persons are stipulated by counsel or authorized by the Court:

- a. Outside counsel of record for the parties, and the administrative staff of outside counsel’s firms.
- b. In-house counsel for the parties, and the administrative staff for each in-house counsel.
- c. Any party to this action who is an individual, and every employee, director, officer, or manager of any party to this action who is not an individual, but only to the extent necessary to further the interest of the parties in this litigation.
- d. Independent consultants or expert witnesses (including partners, associates and employees of the firm which employs such consultant or expert) retained by a party or its attorneys for purposes of this litigation, but only to the extent necessary to further the interest of the parties in this litigation.
- e. The Court and its personnel, including, but not limited to, stenographic reporters regularly employed by the Court and stenographic reporters not regularly employed by the Court who are engaged by the Court or the parties during the litigation of this action,
- f. The authors and the original recipients of the documents.
- g. Any court reporter or videographer reporting a deposition.
- h. Employees of copy services, microfilming or database services, trial support firms and/or translators who are engaged by the parties during the litigation of this action.
- i. Actual or potential witnesses who agree to be bound by the terms of this Protective Order.

Prior to being shown any documents produced by another party marked “Confidential,” any person listed in paragraph 6(c), 6(d) or 6(i) shall agree to be bound by the terms of this Order by signing the agreement attached as Exhibit A.

7. Whenever information designated as “Confidential” pursuant to this Protective Order is to be discussed by a party or disclosed in a deposition, hearing, or pre-trial proceeding, the designating party may exclude from the room any person, other than persons designated in paragraph 6, as appropriate, for that portion of the deposition, hearing or pre-trial proceeding.

8. Each party reserves the right to dispute the confidential status claimed by any other party or subpoenaed party in accordance with this Protective Order. If a party believes that any documents or materials have been inappropriately designated by another party or subpoenaed party, that party shall confer with counsel for the designating party. As part of that conferral, the designating party must assess whether redaction is a viable alternative to complete non-disclosure. If the parties are unable to resolve the matter informally, a party may file an appropriate motion before the Court requesting that the Court determine whether the Protective Order covers the document in dispute. Regardless of which party files the motion, the party seeking to protect a document from disclosure bears the burden of establishing good cause for why the document should not be disclosed. A party who disagrees with another party’s designation must nevertheless abide by that designation until the matter is resolved by agreement of the parties or by order of the Court.

9. The inadvertent failure to designate a document, testimony, or other material as “Confidential” prior to disclosure shall not operate as a waiver of the party’s right to later designate the document, testimony, or other material as “Confidential.” The receiving party or its counsel shall not disclose such documents or materials if that party knows or reasonably should know that

a claim of confidentiality would be made by the producing party. Promptly after receiving notice from the producing party of a claim of confidentiality, the receiving party or its counsel shall inform the producing party of all pertinent facts relating to the prior disclosure of the newly-designated documents or materials, and shall make reasonable efforts to retrieve such documents and materials and to prevent further disclosure.

10. Designation by either party of information or documents as “Confidential,” or failure to so designate, will not constitute an admission that information or documents are or are not confidential. Neither party may introduce into evidence in any proceeding between the parties, other than a motion to determine whether the Protective Order covers the information or documents in dispute, the fact that the other party designated or failed to designate information or documents as “Confidential.”

11. Upon the request of the producing party or third party, within 30 days after the entry of a final judgment no longer subject to appeal on the merits of this case, or the execution of any agreement between the parties to resolve amicably and settle this case, the parties and any person authorized by this Protective Order to receive confidential information shall return to the producing party or third party, or destroy, all information and documents subject to this Protective Order. Returned materials shall be delivered in sealed envelopes marked “Confidential” to respective counsel.

12. This Protective Order shall not constitute a waiver of any party’s or non-party’s right to oppose any discovery request or object to the admissibility of any document, testimony or other information.

13. The restrictions on disclosure and use of confidential information shall survive the conclusion of this action and this Court shall retain jurisdiction of this action after its conclusion for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Protective Order.

SO STIPULATED.

/s/ Jordan L. Von Bokern

Jordan L. Von Bokern
Trial Attorney
U.S. Department of Justice
Civil Division, Federal Programs Branch
1100 L Street, NW
Washington, D.C. 20530
Tel.: (202) 305-7919
Fax: (202) 616-8460

Attorneys for Federal Defendants

Dated: August 7, 2020

/s/

Matthew Borden, *pro hac vice*
J. Noah Hagey, *pro hac vice*
Athul K. Acharya, OSB No. 152436
Gunnar K. Martz, *pro hac vice*
BRAUNHAGEY & BORDEN LLP

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Dated: August 7, 2020

The Court has reviewed the reasons offered in support of entry of this Stipulated Protective Order and finds that there is good cause to protect the confidential nature of certain information. Accordingly, the Court adopts the above Stipulated Protective Order in this action.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: August 7, 2020



HON. MICHAEL H. SIMON
United States District Court Judge

EXHIBIT A

I, _____, have been advised by counsel of record for _____ in *Index Newspapers, LLC v. City of Portland*, Oregon District Court Case No. 3:20-cv-1035-SI, of this protective order governing the delivery, publication, and disclosure of confidential documents and information produced in this litigation. I have read a copy of the protective order and agree to abide by its terms.

Signed

Printed Name

Date